



AETNA BETTER HEALTH®  
Coverage Policy/Guideline

Name: Tremfya Page: 1 of 5

Effective Date: 5/1/2024 Last Review Date: 12/2023;  
4/2024

Applies to:	<input type="checkbox"/> Illinois	<input type="checkbox"/> Florida	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Florida Kids
	<input type="checkbox"/> New Jersey	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maryland	<input type="checkbox"/> Michigan
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pennsylvania Kids	<input type="checkbox"/> Virginia	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kentucky PRMD

### Intent:

The intent of this policy/guideline is to provide information to the prescribing practitioner outlining the coverage criteria for Tremfya under the patient's prescription drug benefit.

### Description:

#### FDA-Approved Indications

- A. Treatment of adult patients with moderate to severe plaque psoriasis (PsO) who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy
- B. Treatment of adult patients with active psoriatic arthritis (PsA)

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

### Applicable Drug List:

Non-Preferred: Tremfya

### Policy/Guideline:

#### **Documentation for all indications:**

The patient is unable to take a preferred adalimumab product OR Enbrel AND an additional preferred product (Otezla or Rinvoq), where indicated, for the given diagnosis due to a trial and inadequate treatment response or intolerance, or a contraindication. Documentation is required for approval.

#### **Documentation:**

##### **A. Plaque psoriasis (PsO)**

- 1. Initial requests:
  - i. Chart notes or medical record documentation of affected area(s) and body surface area (BSA) affected (if applicable).
  - ii. Chart notes, medical record documentation, or claims history supporting previous medications tried (if applicable), including response to therapy. If therapy is not advisable, documentation of clinical reason to avoid therapy.
- 2. Continuation requests: Chart notes or medical record documentation of decreased body surface area (BSA) affected and/or improvement in signs and symptoms.

##### **B. Psoriatic arthritis (PsA)**



AETNA BETTER HEALTH®  
Coverage Policy/Guideline

Name: Tremfya

Page: 2 of 5

Effective Date: 5/1/2024

Last Review Date: 12/2023;  
4/2024

Applies to:	<input type="checkbox"/> Illinois	<input type="checkbox"/> Florida	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Florida Kids
	<input type="checkbox"/> New Jersey	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maryland	<input type="checkbox"/> Michigan
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pennsylvania Kids	<input type="checkbox"/> Virginia	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kentucky PRMD

1. Initial requests: Chart notes, medical record documentation, or claims history supporting previous medications tried (if applicable), including response to therapy. If therapy is not advisable, documentation of clinical reason to avoid therapy.
2. Continuation requests: Chart notes or medical record documentation supporting positive clinical response.

### Prescriber Specialty:

This medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with one of the following:

- A. Plaque psoriasis: dermatologist
- B. Psoriatic arthritis: rheumatologist or dermatologist

### Criteria for Initial Approval:

#### A. Plaque psoriasis (PsO)

1. Authorization of 12 months may be granted for adult members who have previously received a biologic or targeted synthetic drug (e.g., Sotyktu, Otezla) indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis.
2. Authorization of 12 months may be granted for adult members for treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis when any of the following criteria is met:
  - i. Crucial body areas (e.g., hands, feet, face, neck, scalp, genitals/groin, intertriginous areas) are affected.
  - ii. At least 10% of body surface area (BSA) is affected.
  - iii. At least 3% of body surface area (BSA) is affected and the member meets any of the following criteria:
    - a. Member has had an inadequate response or intolerance to either phototherapy (e.g., UVB, PUVA) or pharmacologic treatment with methotrexate, cyclosporine, or acitretin.
    - b. Member has a clinical reason to avoid pharmacologic treatment with methotrexate, cyclosporine, and acitretin (see Appendix).

#### B. Psoriatic arthritis (PsA)

1. Authorization of 12 months may be granted for adult members who have previously received a biologic or targeted synthetic drug (e.g., Rinvoq, Otezla) indicated for active psoriatic arthritis.
2. Authorization of 12 months may be granted for adult members for treatment of active psoriatic arthritis when either of the following criteria is met:
  - i. Member has mild to moderate disease and meets one of the following criteria:



AETNA BETTER HEALTH®  
Coverage Policy/Guideline

Name:	Tremfya	Page:	3 of 5
Effective Date:	5/1/2024	Last Review Date:	12/2023; 4/2024
Applies to:	<input type="checkbox"/> Illinois <input type="checkbox"/> New Jersey <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pennsylvania Kids	<input type="checkbox"/> Florida <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maryland <input type="checkbox"/> Virginia	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Florida Kids <input type="checkbox"/> Michigan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kentucky PRMD

- a. Member has had an inadequate response to methotrexate, leflunomide, or another conventional synthetic drug (e.g., sulfasalazine) administered at an adequate dose and duration.
  - b. Member has an intolerance or contraindication to methotrexate or leflunomide (see Appendix), or another conventional synthetic drug (e.g., sulfasalazine).
  - c. Member has enthesitis or predominantly axial disease.
- ii. Member has severe disease.

**Continuation of Therapy:**

**A. Plaque psoriasis (PsO)**

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for all adult members (including new members) who are using the requested medication for moderate to severe plaque psoriasis and who achieve or maintain a positive clinical response as evidenced by low disease activity or improvement in signs and symptoms of the condition when either of the following is met:

- 1. Reduction in body surface area (BSA) affected from baseline
- 2. Improvement in signs and symptoms from baseline (e.g., itching, redness, flaking, scaling, burning, cracking, pain)

**B. Psoriatic arthritis (PsA)**

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for all adult members (including new members) who are using the requested medication for psoriatic arthritis and who achieve or maintain a positive clinical response as evidenced by low disease activity or improvement in signs and symptoms of the condition when there is improvement in any of the following from baseline:

- 1. Number of swollen joints
- 2. Number of tender joints
- 3. Dactylitis
- 4. Enthesitis
- 5. Axial disease
- 6. Skin and/or nail involvement

**Other Criteria:**

Member has had a documented negative tuberculosis (TB) test (which can include a tuberculosis skin test [PPD], an interferon-release assay [IGRA], or a chest x-ray)\* within 6 months of initiating therapy for persons who are naïve to biologic drugs or targeted synthetic drugs associated with an increased risk of TB.



AETNA BETTER HEALTH®  
Coverage Policy/Guideline

Name:	Tremfya	Page:	4 of 5
Effective Date:	5/1/2024	Last Review Date:	12/2023; 4/2024
Applies to:	<input type="checkbox"/> Illinois <input type="checkbox"/> New Jersey <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pennsylvania Kids	<input type="checkbox"/> Florida <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maryland <input type="checkbox"/> Virginia	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Florida Kids <input type="checkbox"/> Michigan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kentucky PRMD

If the screening testing for TB is positive, there must be further testing to confirm there is no active disease. Do not administer the requested medication to members with active TB infection. If there is latent disease, TB treatment must be started before initiation of the requested medication.

Member cannot use the requested medication concomitantly with any other biologic drug or targeted synthetic drug.

## APPENDIX

### Examples of Clinical Reasons to Avoid Pharmacologic Treatment with Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, or Leflunomide

1. Clinical diagnosis of alcohol use disorder, alcoholic liver disease, or other chronic liver disease
2. Drug interaction
3. Risk of treatment-related toxicity
4. Pregnancy or currently planning pregnancy
5. Breastfeeding
6. Significant comorbidity prohibits use of systemic agents (e.g., liver or kidney disease, blood dyscrasias, uncontrolled hypertension)
7. Hypersensitivity
8. History of intolerance or adverse event

### Approval Duration and Quantity Restrictions:

#### Approval:

Initial and Renewal Approval: 12 months

#### Quantity Level Limit:

Tremfya (guselkumab) 100 mg/mL prefilled syringe/One-press injector:

- Standard Limit: 1 syringe/injector per 56 days
- Exception Limit: 2 syringes/injectors per 28 days\*

#### FDA-Recommended Dosing:

- Loading doses: 100 mg at week 0 and 4
- Maintenance dose: 100 mg every 8 weeks

\* Coverage up to the exception limits may be provided with prior authorization



AETNA BETTER HEALTH®  
Coverage Policy/Guideline

Name:	Tremfya	Page:	5 of 5
Effective Date:	5/1/2024	Last Review Date:	12/2023; 4/2024
Applies to:	<input type="checkbox"/> Illinois <input type="checkbox"/> New Jersey <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pennsylvania Kids	<input type="checkbox"/> Florida <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Maryland <input type="checkbox"/> Virginia	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Florida Kids <input type="checkbox"/> Michigan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kentucky PRMD

**References:**

1. Tremfya [package insert]. Horsham, PA: Janssen Biotech, Inc.; July 2020.
2. Menter A, Korman NJ, Elmets CA, et al. Guidelines of care for the management of psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. Section 4: Guidelines of care for the management and treatment of psoriasis with traditional systemic agents. *J Am Acad Dermatol.* 2009;61:451-485.
3. Menter A, Korman NJ, Elmets CA, et al. Guidelines of care for the management of psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. Section 6: Guidelines of care for the treatment of psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis: case-based presentations and evidence-based conclusions. *J Am Acad Dermatol.* 2011;65(1):137-174.
4. Reich K, Armstrong, AW, Foley P, et al. Efficacy and safety of guselkumab, an anti-interleukin-23 monoclonal antibody, compared with adalimumab for the treatment of patients with moderate to severe psoriasis with randomized withdrawal and retreatment: Results from the phase III, double-blind, placebo- and active comparator-controlled VOYAGE 2 trial. *Am J Clin Dermatol.* 2017;76(3):418-431.
5. Blauvelt A, Papp KA, Griffiths, CEM, et al. Efficacy and safety of guselkumab, an anti-interleukin-23 monoclonal antibody, compared with adalimumab for the continuous treatment of patients with moderate to severe psoriasis: Results from the phase III, double-blinded, placebo- and active comparator-controlled VOYAGE 1 trial. *Am J Clin Dermatol.* 2017;76(3):405-417.
6. Menter A, Strober BE, Kaplan DH, et al. Joint AAD-NPF guidelines of care for the management and treatment of psoriasis with biologics. *J Am Acad Dermatol.* 2019;80(4):1029-1072.
7. Testing for TB Infection. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Retrieved on January 6, 2023 from: <https://www.cdc.gov/tb/topic/basics/risk.htm>.
8. Gossec L, Baraliakos X, Kerschbaumer A, et al. European League Against Rheumatism (EULAR) recommendations for the management of psoriatic arthritis with pharmacological therapies: 2019 update. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2020;79(6):700-712.
9. Singh JA, Guyatt G, Ogdie A, et al. 2018 American College of Rheumatology/National Psoriasis Foundation Guideline for the Treatment of Psoriatic Arthritis. *Arthritis Rheum.* 2018;71:5-32.
10. Coates LC, Soriano ER, Corp N, et al. Group for Research and Assessment of Psoriasis and Psoriatic Arthritis (GRAPPA): updated treatment recommendations for psoriatic arthritis 2021. *Nat Rev Rheumatol.* 2022;18(8):465-479.
11. Menter A, Gelfand JM, Connor C, et al. Joint American Academy of Dermatology-National Psoriasis Foundation guidelines of care for the management of psoriasis with systemic nonbiologic therapies. *J Am Acad Dermatol.* 2020;82(6):1445-1486.